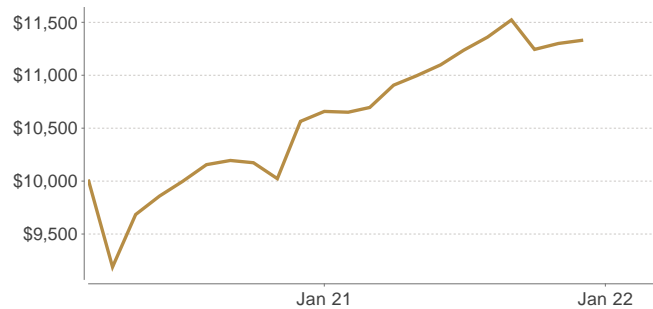


Sun Life Global Tactical Yield Private Pool | Series F

Current value of a \$10,000 investment



Time frame:
Start Mar 2020
End Dec 2021
\$11,329

Performance analysis | as of December 31, 2021

Calendar year	YTD	2020*	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Fund return %	9.8	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Trailing	1 mth	3 mth	6 mth	1 yr	2 yr	3 yr	5 yr	10 yr	Since inception
Fund return %	3.3	4.0	4.1	9.8	-	-	-	-	7.4

*For the period February 26 to December 31.

Portfolio analysis | as of November 30, 2021

Composition	%	Geographic composition	%
Cash	1.5	United States	44.2
Fixed income	46.1	Canada	32.6
Canadian equity	3.5	Japan	3.8
U.S. equity	33.3	United Kingdom	2.7
International equity	14.2	Australia	1.9
Emg markets equity	1.9	British Virgin Islands	1.9
Other	-0.6	France	1.9
		Switzerland	1.5
		Spain	0.8
		Germany	0.8
		Others	7.8

Global equity sectors	%	Top ten holdings	%
as of November 30, 2021		as of October 31, 2021	
of equity allocation		Sun Life Core Fixed Income	3.5
Utilities	1.9	Canada Housing Trust No.1 1.75% 2022-06-15	2.8
Energy	3.0	Microsoft Corp	2.8
Financials	15.4	Canada Housing Trust No.1 2.65% 2028-12-15	2.5
Materials	4.8	Cce Investments Ltd.	2.2
Consumer discretionary	10.4	Canada Housing Trust No.1 1.75% 2030-06-15	1.8
Consumer staples	4.7	Canada (Government of) 1.5% 2022-05-01	1.2
Telecommunication services	8.9	Automatic Data Processing Inc	1.2
Industrials	12.2	Best Buy Co Inc	1.1
Health care	11.4	T. Rowe Price Group Inc	1.1
Information technology	23.8	Total number of portfolio holdings	1318
Real Estate	3.5		

Investment objective

The Private Pool's investment objectives are to seek to achieve income and capital appreciation by primarily investing in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed income securities around the world or indirectly by investing in mutual funds (including exchange-traded funds) that invest in such securities.

This Fund may be suitable for investors who:

- seek dividend income and capital appreciation;
- are long term investors;
- and are comfortable with low investment risk.

Fund essentials

Inception date	2020-02-26
Min initial inv \$	500
Min additional inv \$	50
MER % as at June 30, 2021	0.99
Management fee %	0.68

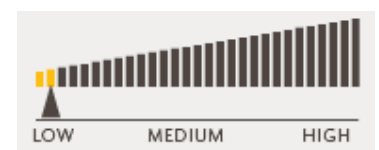
Management company
SLGI Asset Management Inc.

Sub-advisor
N/A

Sub-advisor to
N/A

Series	Load structure	Currency	Fund Code
F	NL	CAD	SUN470

Risk profile



Refer to the Simplified Prospectus for greater detail.

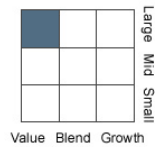
Fixed income	%	Credit quality	%
of fixed income allocation		of fixed income allocation	
Government bonds	49.8	AAA	43.8
Corporate bonds	39.0	AA	14.5
Securitized	8.1	A	18.0
Cash & Equivalents	3.0	BBB	15.9
Derivatives	0.0	BB	2.5
		B	1.0
		Below B	0.3
		Not Rated	4.0

Management team

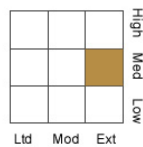
SLGI Asset Management Inc.:

- Sadiq Adatia, CFA, Chief Investment Officer;
- Chhad Aul, CFA, Vice-President and Portfolio Manager

Equity style



Fixed inc style



3-year risk measures | as of December 31, 2021

Annualized returns are used to calculate the risk metrics below.

Standard deviation (fund)	-	Sharpe ratio	-
Alpha	-	Beta	-

Data not available at this time.

Standard deviation is a measure of volatility; it shows how broadly returns have varied over a given time period. Generally, a high standard deviation implies greater volatility.

Sharpe ratio combines a risk measurement and a return measurement into a single number to determine a fund's risk-adjusted return. A higher value is better.

Alpha measures the difference between a fund's return and its benchmark, taking into account volatility (beta). An alpha of 1 means a fund outperformed its benchmark by 1%; -1 means the fund underperformed by 1%.

Beta measures the movement of a fund in relation to its benchmark. A beta over 1 means price moves are greater (up or down) than the benchmark's; below 1 means less extreme price moves; 1 means it moves in step with its benchmark.

Risk Measures are not available for funds with a history of less than three years.

Notes and disclaimers

Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees and expenses all may be associated with mutual fund investments. Please read the prospectus before investing. For periods greater than one year, the indicated rates of return are the average annual compounded total returns as of the date indicated including changes in unit value and reinvestment of all distributions and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or optional charges or income taxes payable by any security holder that would have reduced returns. Mutual funds are not guaranteed, their values change frequently and past performance may not be repeated.

Morningstar star ratings are an objective, quantitative measure of a fund's historical risk-adjusted performance relative to other funds in its category, and are calculated from a fund's 3, 5, and 10-year returns measured against 91-day Treasury bill and peer group returns. The top 10% of the funds in a category earn five stars; the next 22.5% four stars; the following 35% three stars; the next 22.5% two stars, and the bottom 10% one star. The Overall Rating is a weighted combination of the 3, 5, and 10-year ratings. Only funds with at least a three-year track record are considered, and ratings are calculated only for categories with at least 20 funds.

The Morningstar Style Box™ reveals a fund's investment strategy. For equity funds the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the stocks owned and the horizontal axis shows investment style (value, blend or growth). For fixed-income funds the vertical axis shows the average credit quality of the bonds owned, and the horizontal axis shows interest rate sensitivity as measured by a bond's duration (short, intermediate or long).

Morningstar Market Capitalization Breakdown Stocks are first divided into seven style zones based on their country of domicile: United States, Latin America, Canada, Europe, Japan, Asia ex-Japan, and Australia/New Zealand. Capitalization assignments are determined as follows: 1) For all stocks in a style zone, the

market cap of each stock is converted into a common currency. The stocks in each style zone are ordered in descending order by size, and a cumulative capitalization as a percentage of total sample capitalization is calculated as each stock is added to the list. 2) The stock that causes cumulative capitalization to equal or exceed 40% of the style zone's total cap is the final one assigned to the giant-cap group. 3) The largest of the remaining stocks are assigned to the large-cap group until cumulative capitalization equals or exceeds 70% of the total capitalization of the style zone. 4) The largest of the remaining stocks are assigned to the mid-cap group until cumulative capitalization equals or exceeds 90% of the total capitalization of the style zone. 5) The largest of the remaining stocks are assigned to the small-cap group until cumulative capitalization equals or exceeds 97% of the total capitalization of the style zone. 6) The remaining stocks are assigned to the micro-cap group. The Market Capitalization Breakdown at a fund level is a breakdown of the capitalization assignments of the fund's equity holdings.

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